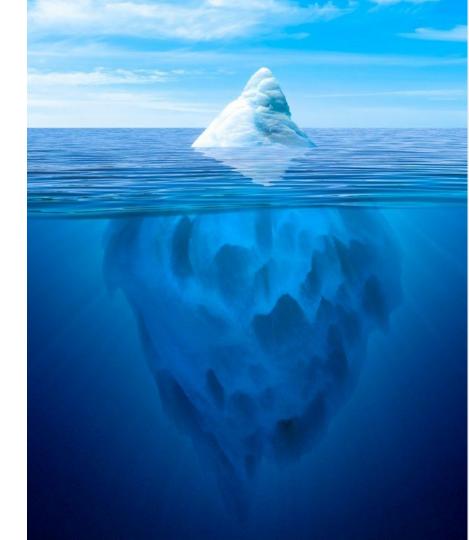
Why SAST DAST & IAST
Are Not Enough

And How to Cover your Software Supply Chain Ass



## Introductions



Nicole Schwartz
Security Product Manager
ActiveState



Dana Crane
Product Marketing Mgr
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## Housekeeping

- We will host 2 polls during the webinar
- We will be emailing everyone the slides after the webinar
- Submit your questions in the Q&A tab and we will answer at the end

### Our Mission

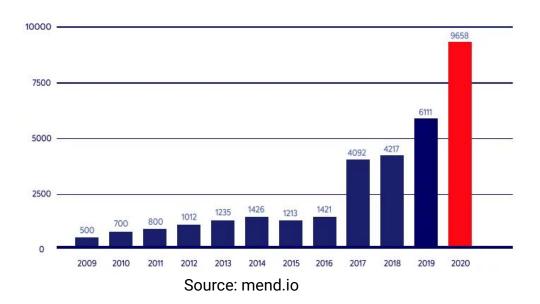
- Purpose
  - Create technology that just works: open source software that's easy to use and safe for Enterprises to adopt.
- What We Deliver
  - A secure open source software supply chain for the modern enterprise

# Traditional AppSec

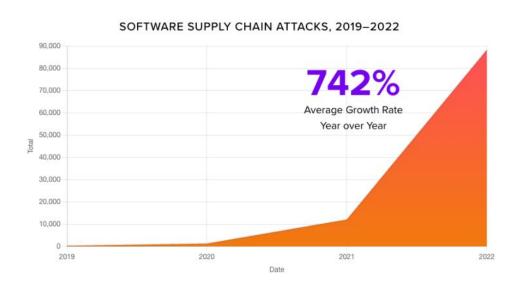
- SAST identify source code vulnerabilities
- DAST identify running code vulnerabilities
- IAST identify vulnerabilities in code that are exploitable at runtime
- SCA identify vulnerabilities in open source packages
- IaC Infrastructure as Code scanning

# Vulnerabilities are Growing

Open Source Vulnerabilities per Year: 2009-2020

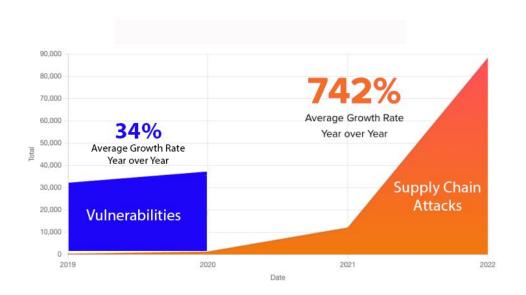


# But Software Supply Chain Attacks are also Growing



Source: Sonatype State of the Software Supply Chain

# Supply Chain Attacks vs Vulnerabilities

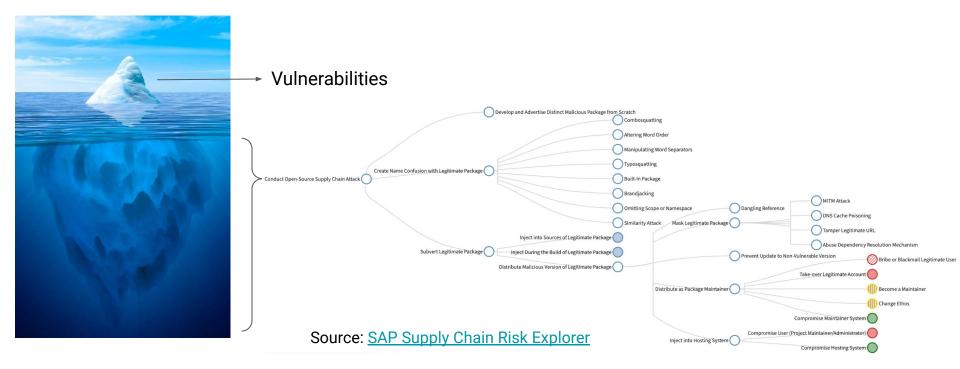


# Traditional AppSec Not Enough

74% of IT pros believe technologies like static and dynamic application security testing [SAST & DAST] are important, but feel that those technologies aren't enough to protect them from supply chain threats

Source: ReversingLabs Software Supply Chain Risk Survey

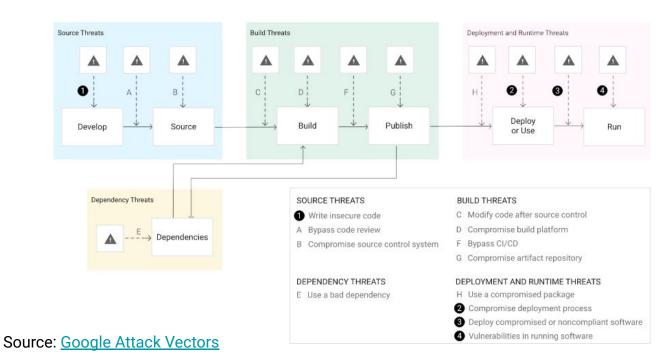
# Vulnerabilities are the Tip of the Threat Iceberg

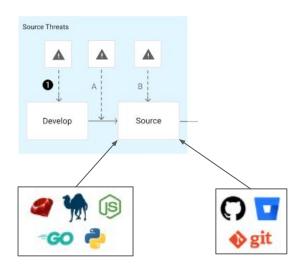


# Poll: Which issues do you currently prioritize?

Assuming the same level of criticality, which would you prioritize first?:

- Threats posed by flaws in proprietary source code
- Threats found in running applications
- Threats posed by vulnerabilities in open source packages
- Threats posed by software supply chain security attacks

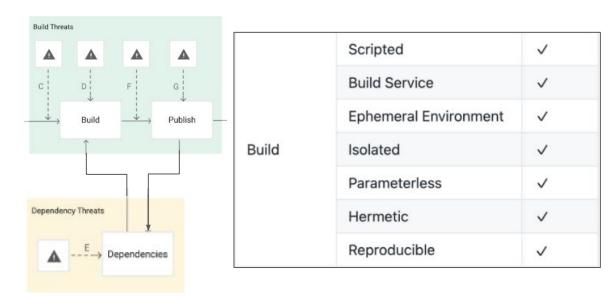


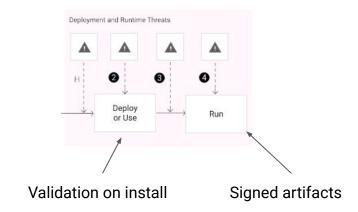


Source	Version Controlled	<b>✓</b>
	Verified History	~
	Retained Indefinitely	~
	Two-Person Reviewed	~

Open source code

Proprietary code





## SLSA Spells "Control"

Source Threats: Provenance Attestations

Build Threats: Secure Build Service

Dependency Threats: Verification Summary Attestations (VSAs)

Deployment/Runtime Threats: Signing

Verification at deployment

### Poll: Your Best Practices

How many supply chain controls do you implement in your dev process? Check all that apply:

- We check all proprietary code
- We check all open source code
- We build all dependencies from source code
- Our builds are repeatable
- We create and/or validate Attestations
- We sign all our artifacts

# ActiveState Platform Demo

**CATALOG** 



# **ActiveState**

We crawl the web for Open Source. Our Build Engineers clean, fix and augment the data. (example add C dependencies)

**DEPENDENCY MANAGER** 



Teams organize their build requirements into projects

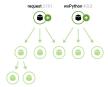
+ 
request wxPython

4.0.2



**SOLVER** 

Our universal Solver computes all needed dependencies based on the catalog at a fixed point in time and submits the required SBOM to the Build Cluster



**BUILD CLUSTER** 



Various distribution methods exist to deploy artifacts and complete reproducible environments (runtimes) to various points in your SLDC

Build Manager coordinates parallel builds in the cluster. Build nodes draw existing artifacts if available, build new artifacts in hermetically sealed containers and record result in the Artifact Store

**ARTIFACT STORE** 







Command Line





Q&A

# Next Steps

Schedule a demo with our product experts: <a href="https://www.activestate.com/solutions/contact-sales/">https://www.activestate.com/solutions/contact-sales/</a>

Take our Supply Chain Security Survey & find out how you rate: https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/BNG7PH6

Try the ActiveState Platform for free:

https://platform.activestate.com/